

Name of Practice: LOAFING LOT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM WITH MANURE
MANAGEMENT (EXCLUDING BOVINE DAIRY)
VACS Program Specifications for No. WP-4LL

This document specifies terms and conditions for the Virginia Agricultural Best Management Practices Cost-Share Program's animal waste control facilities best management practice, which are applicable to all contracts entered into with respect to that practice.

A. Description and Purpose

This practice creates a planned system designed to prevent those areas exposed to heavy livestock traffic from experiencing excessive manure and soil losses due to the destruction of ground cover and to manage liquid and/or solid waste from areas where livestock are concentrated. The intent of this practice is to improve water quality by preventing manure and sediment runoff from entering watercourses and sensitive karst features and capturing a portion of the manure as a resource for other uses by storing and spreading waste at the proper time, rate, and location.

The sacrifice lot or covered facility includes a feeding area as well as a bedded or manure pack area with a manure storage area if needed. A minimum of three associated grassed lots are required. All streams must be excluded. Streams associated with the grassed lots require a 35 feet minimum buffer.

B. Policies and Specifications

1. Eligibility: Cost-share and tax credit are limited to solving the pollution problems where the livestock operation can show they have either:
 - i. Access to land for application and where a full farm plan approach to solving the water quality problem is being carried out.
 - ii. A current Nutrient Management Plan that has been certified by a Virginia certified Nutrient Management Planner and, if needed, a transfer plan prepared by a certified Nutrient Management Planner for any livestock.
2. Practice Development
 - i. Before cost-share or tax credit can be approved all other means of reducing the environmental impacts of animal waste from the existing operation must be considered. Lack of space for relocation, economic inefficiency or other factors may be considered. A "Risk Assessment for Water Quality Impairment from Heavy Use Areas/Animal Concentrated Areas" must be completed and a minimum score of 120 is required in order to be eligible.
 - ii. The applicant is required to sign a Dry Manure Storage Structure Agreement DCR199-86 (04/19) or similar District agreement which addresses the minimum criteria prior to receiving any funds.

- iii. A minimum of three grassed loafing lots are required and 60% cover on these lots must be maintained at all times.
- iv. Determination of the storage capacity of animal waste facilities shall be reviewed and approved by the DCR Agricultural BMP Engineer.
- v. Hardened walkway(s) may be installed to facilitate herd movement from the barn to the loafing lots. The walkway must be designed and installed in accordance with NRCS Standard 575, Trails and Walkways.
- vi. A sacrifice area is required unless adequate housing facilities are available (e.g. free stall barns).
 - a. Uncovered sacrifice areas must be scraped periodically and shall not exceed 600 square feet per animal unit (1000-lb. equivalent). Maximum slope shall not exceed 8%. Divert surface water away from the sacrifice area.
 - Provide filter strips per NRCS standard 393 to filter runoff from the sacrifice area.
 - Manure collected from the sacrifice area must be properly stored in an adequately sized structure. Existing storage structures shall be considered when sizing the manure storage facility.
 - b. Covered sacrifice areas shall not exceed 75 square feet per animal unit (1000-lb. equivalent).
- vii. Manure may be managed as:
 - a. Bedded Pack:
 - The pack area must be maintained to ensure dry conditions for livestock. Dry material, tillage, ventilation and/or aeration may be needed to maintain proper bedding conditions.
 - Does not require a separate manure storage, but it must have walls a minimum of 4 feet high to contain bedded pack.
 - Manure storage for bedded pack area is not authorized, but storage for manure captured from feed lanes is an eligible component.
 - b. Manure Pack:
 - The pack area shall be maintained to prevent any materials from migrating from the structure limits as to impact water quality. Regular scraping and/or the addition of bedding is required to stabilize the manure.
 - A separate storage component is required to store up to six months of manure production.
 - c. When a feed lane is utilized, a dry stack manure storage area is authorized, sized based upon livestock time at feed bunks, up to six (6) months storage of existing need.

3. Cost-share and tax credit is authorized for:
 - i. Roofs over the feeding area, manure storage area and roof runoff system.
 - ii. A hardened sacrifice area.
 - iii. Fencing, walkways, and water system components to provide functional lots.
 - iv. Individual components of animal waste systems, only if the DCR Ag BMP Engineer determines that the component stands alone as a measure that will significantly improve water quality.
 - v. Water system components to provide a functional structure.
 - vi. Seeding of permanent vegetative cover on acreage associated with this practice.
 - vii. Filter strips in accordance with NRCS Standard 393.
4. Cost-share and tax credit is not authorized for:
 - i. Storage of manure generated outside of this facility.
 - ii. Operations with sufficient grazing acreage.
5. Compliance checks for both the covered and uncovered sacrifice lot and the grassed loafing lots are a required component of this practice and shall be performed in accordance with the schedule below:
 - i. Year 1 – All facilities and associated fields shall be checked to ensure compliance with this specification.
 - ii. If compliance is confirmed in Year 1, the facility shall be checked again in Years 4, 8 and 12.
 - iii. If the facility is found to be non-compliant, the identified Practice Failures Procedure in the VACS Manual shall be followed. Once found to be in compliance, the facility shall be checked one year after compliance is achieved. If compliance is confirmed, checks shall resume in Years 4, 8 and 12.
6. The sizing calculations of the practice shall be reviewed and approved by the DCR Agricultural BMP Engineer (except for practices previously sized and engineered by NRCS) and shall be coordinated with the Nutrient Management Plan so that adequate storage capacity is installed.
7. All appropriate local and state permits must be obtained before beginning construction.
8. In order to be eligible for cost-share or tax credit, producers must be fully implementing a current Nutrient Management Plan (NMP) on all agricultural production acreage contained within the field on which this practice will be implemented (including all associated production acreage). The NMP must comply with all requirements set forth in the Nutrient Management Training and Certification Regulations (4VAC50-85 et seq.) and the Virginia Nutrient Management Standards and Criteria (revised July 2014); must be prepared and certified by a Virginia certified Nutrient Management Planner; and must be on file with the local District before any cost-share payment is

made to the participant. Plans shall also contain any specific production management criteria designated in the BMP practice (4VACV50-85-130G).

9. This practice is subject to NRCS standards 313 Waste Storage Facility, 342 Critical Area Planting, 362 Diversion, 367 Roofs and Covers, 382 Fence, 393 Filter Strip, 412 Grassed Waterway, 512 Pasture and Hay Planting, 516 Livestock Pipeline, 533 Pumping Plant, 558 Roof Runoff Structure, 561 Heavy Use Protection, 575 Trails and Walkways, 578 Stream Crossing, 614 Watering Facility, 620 Underground Outlet, 633 Waste Recycling, 634 Waste Transfer, 642 Water Well.
10. All practice components implemented must be maintained for a minimum of 15 years following the calendar year of installation. The lifespan begins on Jan. 1 of the calendar year following the year of certification of completion. By accepting either a cost-share payment or a state tax credit for this practice, the participant agrees to maintain all practice components for the specified lifespan. This practice is subject to spot check by the District throughout the lifespan of the practice and failure to maintain the practice may result in reimbursement of cost-share and/or tax credits.

C. Rates

1. The VACS payment will not exceed 75% of the approved estimated cost or eligible actual cost, whichever is less.
2. As set forth by Virginia Code, the Commonwealth currently provides a tax credit for implementation of certain agricultural best management practices as discussed in the Tax Credit Guidelines of the VACS Manual.
3. If a participant receives cost-share, only the participant's eligible out-of-pocket share of the project cost is used to determine the tax credit.

D. Technical Responsibility

Technical and administrative responsibility is assigned to qualified technical DCR and District staff in consultation, where appropriate and based on the controlling standard, with DCR, Virginia Certified Nutrient Management Planner(s), NRCS, DOF, and VCE. Individuals certifying technical need and technical practice installation shall have appropriate certifications as identified above and/or Engineering Job Approval Authority (EJAA) for the designed and installed component(s). All practices are subject to spot check procedures and any other quality control measures.

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