Name of Practice: CREP WOODLAND BUFFER FILTER AREA VACS Program Specifications for No. CRFR-3

This document specifies terms and conditions for the Virginia Agricultural Best Management Practices Cost-Share Program's Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program Woodland Buffer Filter Area practice which are applicable to all contracts entered into with respect to that practice.

A. <u>Description and Purpose</u>

This practice is a protection method along streams to reduce erosion, sedimentation, pollution of water from agricultural non-point sources and provide forest areas for the benefit of wildlife and aquatic environments.

The purpose of this practice is to offer an incentive that will change land use and establish a riparian forest buffer under the Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP) to provide stream bank protection and to control soil erosion, sedimentation, and nutrient loss from surface runoff to improve water quality.

B. <u>Policies and Specifications</u>

- 1. Eligibility
 - i. State cost-share and tax credit are authorized for:
 - a) Establishing a wooded buffer zone along streams for protection and filtering action from surrounding land.
 - b) Establishing shrubs along with forest tree species to promote wildlife habitat.
 - ii. This practice is designed for cropland and pastureland that has been in production for four out the past six years. Forestland being replanted following timber harvest is not eligible.
 - iii. Cost-share or tax credit is a one-time incentive and can be utilized along with other cost-share programs for actual planting and site preparation costs. Cost-share for replanting may be authorized based on CRP policy.
- 2. Practice Development
 - i. Wildlife and environmental consideration must be given when designing the practice.
 - ii. Soil loss rates must be computed for all applications.
- 3. Practice Implementation
 - i. This practice is subject to the specifications outlined in the DOF Virginia's Forestry Best Management Practices for Water Quality, Technical Manual and NRCS 391 Riparian Forest Buffer Standard.
 - ii. Strip Width Minimum width of the wooded buffer will be the same as NRCS, Technical Guide: Minimum width of 35 feet from the top of the stream bank, up to one-third of the flood plain not to exceed 300 feet.

- iii. Type of Vegetation DOF personnel will specify appropriate tree species for use. Filter efficiency will also be improved by the addition of low growing or ground cover vegetation. Herbaceous plantings and shrubs may be encouraged to provide soil stabilization and improve benefits for wildlife.
- iv. A nurse crop of conifers may be cost shared and planted with the hardwood seedlings if recommended by DOF.
- v. Plantings must be protected from destructive fire and destructive grazing.
- 4. All practice components implemented must be maintained for the lifespan of the CREP contract. By accepting either a cost-share payment or a state tax credit for this practice, the participant agrees to maintain all practice components for the specified lifespan. Control of noxious and invasive plants to ensure the survival of the stand is the responsibility of the participant. This practice is subject to spot check by the District throughout the lifespan of the practice and failure to maintain the practice may result in reimbursement of cost-share and/or tax credits.

C. <u>Rate(s)</u>

- 1. For all CREP BMPs identified on approved farm conservation plans, the CREP cost-share rate is fifty percent (50%) of FSA approved eligible cost.
- 2. As set forth by Virginia Code, the Commonwealth currently provides a tax credit for implementation of certain agricultural best management practices as discussed in the Tax Credit Guidelines of the VACS Manual.
- 3. If an applicant receives cost-share, only the percent of the total cost of the project that the applicant contributed is used to determine the tax credit.

D. <u>Technical Responsibility</u>

Technical and administrative responsibility is assigned to qualified technical DCR and District staff in consultation, where appropriate and based on the controlling standard, with DCR, Virginia Certified Nutrient Management Planner(s), NRCS, DOF, and VCE. Individuals certifying technical need and technical practice installation shall have appropriate certifications as identified above and/or Engineering Job Approval Authority (EJAA) for the designed and installed component(s). All practices are subject to spot check procedures and any other quality control measures.

Revised April 2023